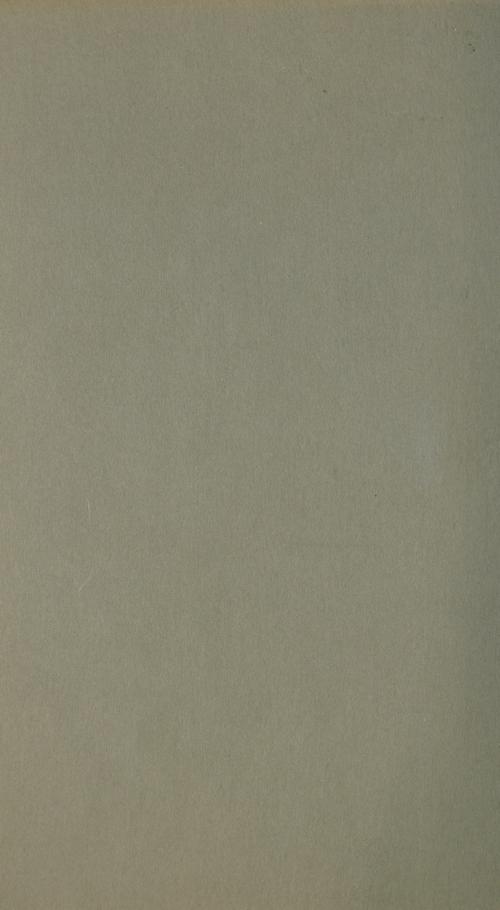


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# ONTARIO GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

# Vocational Opportunities

IN THE

# INDUSTRIES OF ONTARIO

A SURVEY

BULLETIN NO. 3

Dressmaking and Millinery



Minister: HON. W. R. ROLLO

Deputy Minister: W. A. RIDDELL, Ph.D.

Parliament Buildings-TORONTO-15 Queen's Park

1920



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#### PREFACE.

The present bulletin is one of a series arising out of investigations carried on by the Trades and Labour Branch, now the Department of Labour, to obtain definite information regarding the occupational opportunities in the industries of Ontario for boys and girls. It is hoped in this way to provide a basis of knowledge for intelligent guidance to the large number of boys and girls who year by year leave

school to join our vast industrial army.

The need for such a survey of the industries of Ontario became apparent following the establishment of a system of Employment Bureaus by the Province, and later received hearty endorsation from the Dominion Council of Girl Guides. the Dominion Council of Women and the Home and School Council. It was pointed out by these organizations that large numbers of girls left school and either drifted about aimlessly or entered occupations for which they were quite unsuited, and consequently they became bewildered, inefficient, low wage workers. This it was felt was due largely to lack of knowledge on the part of parents, teachers and the girls themselves of the occupations open to girls and the training and other qualifications necessary to success. These organizations urged, therefore, first: that data should be secured regarding (a) desirable trades, occupations and professions for girls, (b) the temperament and moral qualities necessary for success in each of these, (c) the education and preparation necessary for entranceinto and advancement in these, (d) the approximate cost in time and money such preparation involves, (e) the possibilities for advancement and remuneration to be expected in each; second: that there should be close co-operation with the Department of Education in passing on this information to teachers and parents by means of bulletins and lectures given by experts to teachers in training throughout the Province in order that they would be better qualified to act as vocational guides to their pupils leaving school; and third: that there should be organized a separate section of the Government Employment Service devoted to the placing of girls in suitable employment.

The value of some form of assistance to young persons in choosing their life work is generally admitted. The growing complexity of our industrial organization has not only multiplied the opportunities for employment, but also has increased a hundredfold the difficulties of obtaining accurate information with regard to them. Unfortunately the avenues leading to "blind alley jobs" never were so numerous or so crowded as they are to-day. Few who travel them realize whither they lead. Only a relatively small number of our boys and girls have any means of knowing. This is all the more to be deplored when it is considered the important bearing which the choice of an occupation has upon the life of the individual

and his relation to the state.

"For the great masses of men life is organized around work." The whole life of the individual, the home and the community are at stake in the choice of an occupation. If this is settled unwisely or not settled at all, as is too frequently the case, the state must pay in decreased efficiency, increased pauperism and bad citizenship.

It was with these facts in mind that the present survey was authorized early in 1918 by the Honourable Finlay G. Macdiarmid, the late Minister of Public Works. Preliminary work, including the preparation of questionnaires, investiga-

tion of sources of information, and the interviewing of employers and employees was commenced almost immediately. The actual field work, however, of the investigation was not completed till early in 1919.

Every effort was made to obtain a true picture of the vocational opportunities in the different industries. The employees, employers and others were consulted in twenty-three different industrial centres, stretching from Ottawa on the East, to Windsor on the West. As a further check upon our information official sources of information, both Federal and Provincial, were gone into carefully. The Dominion Statistician and Controller of the Census placed at our disposal data which has been most valuable in supplementing our own information with regard to the regularity of employment, salaries and wages, and the relative proportion of officers, superintendents and managers in the various industries. Not only was much of this material valuable as supplementing what we had obtained from our own investigations, but also in corroborating it. The method followed in collecting our material was obtained by having access to the payrolls and other records of the firms as well as through personal interviews with managers and employees.

The authority provided under the Department of Labour Act empowering the Deputy Minister to "require from employers, workmen and other persons such information concerning rates of wages, hours of work, regularity of employment and other matters as he may deem necessary for the proper carrying out of this Act or any of the Acts administered by the Department" made it possible for the investigators to have access to the original sources of such information, namely, payrolls and other records in the various plants visited.

The number of plants which were covered in this way was relatively small as compared with the thousands covered by the Postal Census of Manufactures issued by the Dominion Government. What it lacks, however, in numbers obtained through the schedule method of the Postal Census is compensated for by the accuracy obtainable through having access to the original records.

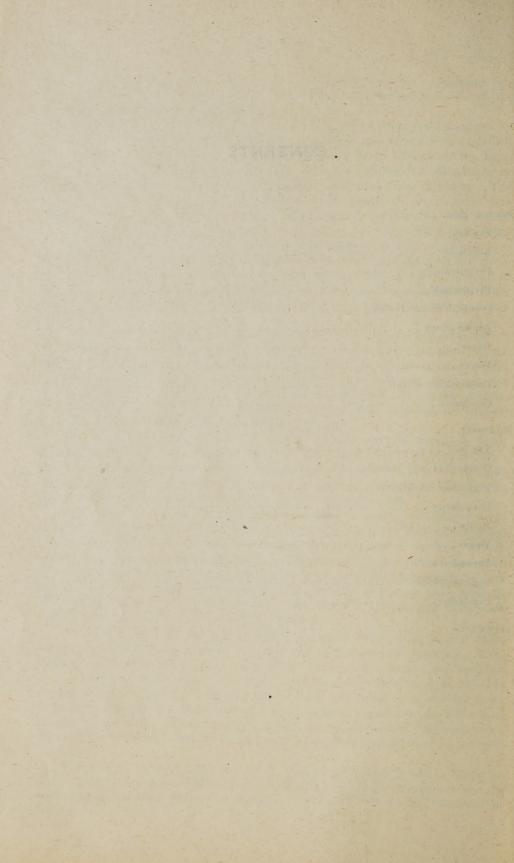
Few firms have their statistics in a form that is readily available for the investigator. In the case of piece workers, frequently the hours were not recorded on the wage sheets. Few firms were found who distinguished in their records between juvenile and adult workers, and the difficulty of obtaining this information within the scope of the investigation has made it practically impossible to give anything more than a mere approximation of the relative number of these workers. Information of a more general character was obtained in personal interviews. With few exceptions the utmost courtesy was shown.

The first bulletin in the series includes a general introduction to the whole survey, together with appendices, also included in this report, containing wage statistics obtained in the present survey, and statistics based on material supplied by the Dominion Statistician. It is also hoped to include in the series, bulletins dealing with the following industries: biscuits and confectionery, boots and shoes, department and notion stores, foundries and machine shop products, furniture and upholstery, garments, harness and saddlery, printing and allied trades, textiles. Much of the material is already in manuscript, and will be published in the near future.

The survey, including the field work, tabulation, planning and preparation of the report, was supervised by Miss E. C. Weaver, B.A., although from the beginning it has been under the personal direction of the Deputy Minister of Labour.

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### CHAPTER I

#### DRESSMAKING1

In 1911 nearly seven per cent, of all women and girls over ten years of age other than those employed in their own homes without salary were engaged in dressmaking. Undoubtedly the phenomenal increase in the production of women's factory-made clothing since that date has greatly lessened the proportion of women required in this occupation, but a scarcity of workers was practically uniformly reported. As an example of this may be mentioned the case of a manager of a department store, who closed his dressmaking department on account of the difficulty in obtaining help.

Most of the dressmakers visited, considered dressmaking a promising field for young workers, and were well satisfied that they themselves had learned the trade. The designer in a high class establishment remarked: "Girls are foolish not to go into dressmaking more." She added, "It is not as tiresome as office

work." But the work is usually admitted to be hard.

As a result of this lack of workers, an efficient dressmaker is to-day one of the most independent women. This is illustrated by the fact that a young dressmaker who goes out by the day recently notified her clients that her hours would be from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., instead of from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m., and that her charge would be \$2.50 a day, instead of \$2.00, but that she would only expect to be supplied with one meal a day instead of two. She is still so busy that she has to refuse customers

Regularity. Work has been greatly regularized for a large proportion of those in the business by the scarcity of workers. This is so much the case that the head of a

dressmaking shop remarked-"There are no seasons now in dressmaking."

Private dressmakers almost without exception reported no loss of time on account of seasons, and almost fifty per cent. of the employers in stores and shops could keep their workers busy all the year. The others interviewed for the most part estimated the average loss of time for employees as about two months in the vear. Taking into account, however, the large number of private dressmakers, the proportion out of work is probably very small.

Dressmaking is one of the lines in which a capable woman may hope Proprietorship. to go into business for herself, as one dressmaker put it,—"Very little capital is needed to go into business, the chief requirements are, a machine, a

mirror, a table and a judy." None of these things are very expensive.

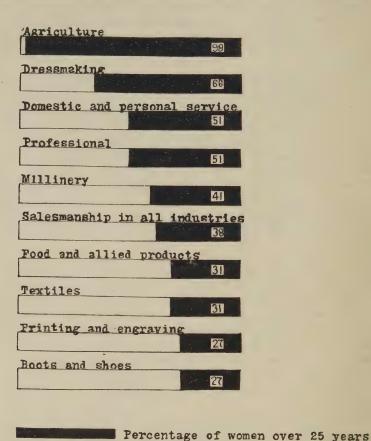
Most dressmakers agree that a person of ability can make a good living. An advantage of independent work, is the control of working conditions, as for instance in the case of a young woman, who used to work as an employee in a store till ten o'clock on Saturday evening, but when she went into business for herself, in the same quarters, she immediately began to close at 6 p.m.

On the other hand there is a good deal of responsibility and anxiety, parti-

cularly on account of the difficulty in getting efficient help.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the Postal Census of Manufactures, dress and mantle making, millinery, and repairing are included under the group name of women's custom clothing. The present chapter includes tailoring, in so far as this is necessitated by the combination of the occupations of dressmaking and tailoring by individuals and firms, and the lack of differentiation of these occupations on the wage sheets.

Permanence. Not only is there a demand for dressmakers, a chance of fairly regular work, and a good prospect of succeeding in an independent business, but skill in this line is likely to be a permanent asset. In the decennial census dressmaking stands high among the trades in the number of mature and elderly women employed, as with over sixty per cent. over twenty-five years and almost two per cent. over sixty-five years. The proportion over twenty-five years of age in out-standing employments for women is illustrated in the following diagram:—



Percentage of women under 25 years

Diagram showing permanency of dressmaking as an occupation for women.

As long as efficiency and adaptability are maintained, knowledge of this trade places a woman in a particularly good position to re-enter the labour market later in life. An interesting illustration of this was afforded by a young woman, who was left a widow with a boy to support. She went back to her home city and arranged with her former employer to occupy some vacant rooms in his store. At the time of the interview she had not been in business very long, but was getting on well and optimistic for the future, she said: "I do not expect to make a fortune, but I expect to save."

#### THE WORKERS AND THEIR TRAINING.

Apprentices. The term apprentice is still frequently used for beginners, though there is seldom any formal agreement. During the period of apprenticeship the girl becomes accustomed to using the needle and holding the material properly. She sews on hooks and eyes, does overcasting, simple basting and marking, and such odd jobs as dusting and ripping. Estimates as to the probable duration of apprenticeship varied from three months to a year. It is frequently said that a girl must have a home if she is going to learn dressmaking. Sometimes so-called apprentices are dependent on the older girls for any instruction, but when careful training is given it is only natural that a low wage would be paid. Such training may be invaluable in forming habits of doing the work in the best and the quickest way. It is the general opinion that it is wise for a girl who wishes to become a dressmaker to begin to learn her trade at about fifteen or sixteen years of age. A designer of long experience who had employed a considerable number of adult women with home experience only, emphasized the need for learning dressmaking early in life by saying, "Those who have not had early training under a good dressmaker seldom advance to very responsible work."

Many dressmakers have given up taking apprentices altogether as they consider that they are more trouble than they are worth. Others state that they cannot get apprentices. In this case they are frequently glad to take adult women with good home experience as "improvers."

Improvers. Improvers are not considered capable of taking entire responsibility for the work on which they are engaged. Women who cannot or do not care to take this responsibility may always be classed as improvers. As an example of the work of an improver, she may assist the cutter, who marks the upper layer with chalk. As the pieces are usually cut double, the improver does the "tailor tacking" or marking with sewing cotton of darts, connections with seams and so forth. By doing this the improver learns a great deal about the "easing" of parts and similar work.

The Maker. The term maker, in the trade, implies ability to take entire responsibility for the costume or part of a costume on which the maker is engaged. When workers do not benefit by an apprenticeship system and so learn the entire trade systematically, they frequently pick up their knowledge of cutting and fitting by observation of the methods of experienced dressmakers with whom they are working. One young woman who learned her trade in this way and attained the position of head dressmaker in the employ of the firm where she had her first experience in dressmaking, and who later went into business for herself in the same quarters, attributed her success to "strict attention to business during working hours."

Dressmaking is taught in some of the Technical High Schools, but so far the

home dressmaking classes have been more largely attended.

A most frequent method of broadening experience is to go as an assistant or improver to an expert in the line of which it is desired to gain knowledge. Many dressmakers complete their training by taking a course, frequently in cutting, from a private teacher.

Specialization.

In the large cities dressmaking and tailoring are more frequently than formerly accepted by the same firm. Where this is the case there is often a considerable amount of specialization in work, with little interchange

between departments. The responsible people in charge of the various departments are known as "coat hands," "bodice hands," "waist hands," "skirt hands," "sleeve hands," "drapers" and so forth. In these establishments men tailors often make the coats, working on a piece basis, and women tailors the skirts. Women are, for the most part, in charge of the dressmaking department where gowns and fancy suits as well as afternoon dresses are made. On this account the dressmaking department affords the greater opportunity for women having artistic ability.

Designers. In such firms, the woman in charge of the dressmaking department is sometimes known as the designer. The designer advises as to the style of the dress and when desired will do the entire planning. She supervises or does the fitting herself, and in the smaller establishments most of the cutting.

Designers learn their trade in an apprenticeship or take special courses in dressmaking and design.

#### QUALIFICATIONS.

Natural
Liking for the Work.

No one should learn dressmaking who has not a natural love for the work. Many dressmakers are found who still "like sewing" after many years of hard work. Several particularly mentioned their pleasure in making evening and wedding dresses.

Perseverance, Accuracy and Speed. In this trade, shirking of work is impossible. Without persistent application, little can be accomplished. Exactness is necessary, especially in putting linings and top material together. Speed and judgment are essential, even in the mechanical part of the work: as two employees expressed it, "A girl must be quick to move and think," and "Every stitch must count."

The Question of Posture. A girl must be healthy to stand this work which calls for persistent application, but frequently girls who are used to a very active life, are quite unsuited to the work on account of the long periods in one position. Some active form of recreation is urgently needed by those engaged in the more sedentary occupations of this trade.

# QUALITIES REQUISITE IN ORDER TO ATTAIN RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS.

Initiative. Though some head dressmakers deliberately plan to teach all their workers the whole trade, for the most part an effort is required to break away from some one restricted line of work and get the broad experience essential to advancement. For example, many women described as dressmakers find it advantageous to handle a variety of business, and recommend anyone entering the trade to learn tailoring as well as their own special line. This is particularly advisable in the case of a woman who intends to go into business in one of the smaller cities or to establish a dressmaking school. Such was found to be the case by a woman who is now recognized as the leading dressmaker in a small city. She had always been fond of sewing and had done a good deal of dressmaking, but required expert knowledge of coat-making. She obtained employment "on skirts and capes," in the dressmaking department of a store in a neighbouring city and learned by observation a good deal about fitting coats. The same store employed her later in making children's coats. Finally she took a few weeks' course in cutting from a private teacher.

Personality and an agreeable personality are most helpful and a reputation for being obliging is a great asset in building up and retaining custom. But, combined with this pleasantness and self-control, firmness is necessary in dealing with the staff, though care must be taken not to destroy their power to take responsibility. The same quality is essential in dealing with customers. If a dressmaker is unable to say "no" and allows herself to take work which necessitates long hours of overtime, it becomes in truth "a slavish trade." If she permits the customer to take an undue amount of time in discussing the design, she must either work overtime or increase the rates. One successful retired dressmaker emphasized this need for "business ability" in connection with alterations. She said, "Some people will always find fault; if you can see no need for alterations charge for them."

Knowledge of the Work and Artistic Ability.

A head dressmaker in a department store clearly stated the need for a thorough knowledge of the work, she said, "I have had much greater success lately on account of having more confidence in myself. You must be up in your work, and know what styles and lines are becoming, and must be good at putting colours together. All the customer has to do is to give some idea what she wants, and the occasions on which the dress will be worn."

Good dressmakers frequently pride themselves on being able to "copy" anything they see, and adapt it to their needs. The live dressmaker is always looking out for suggestions, which she obtains from imported gowns, pictures, museums and so forth.

When it becomes a matter of designing artistic dresses and gowns, no one can be taught who is not naturally gifted, but the opportunities for people with the requisite ability and training are becoming increasingly good in Canada.

Where the Work is Done. Some department stores still have dressmaking departments, but many now limit their work to alteration of ready-made clothing.

A number of stores rent the quarters formerly occupied by their own department to some woman who will carry on an independent business. The advantage is often mutual, each tending to bring business to the other. One woman said that customers who made a practice of objecting to the charges of the private dressmaker, would frequently pay the bill without making protest when the parlors were located in a store.

Dressmaking is also done in shops, some of which are very exclusive; in private houses; and in dressmaking schools.

#### Hours.

Dressmakers, whether in stores or shops, usually begin work at 8.30 a.m. and are employed from eight to eight and a half hours a day. Dressmakers who go out by the day frequently work a little longer as they usually take only one-half or three-quarters of an hour at noon.

Overtime. Some private dressmakers work all day, and almost every evening, during the busy season, but many women who have made a success of their work strongly advise against overtime. Occasional overtime was reported in stores and shops. There is no established custom with regard to pay for overtime. In the case of dressmakers going out by the day, it is sometimes necessary to stay during the evening, in order to finish work required for a definite date, or before going to a new customer. Some customers "pay liberally" for such work, others give

nothing extra, presumably assuming that the work should have been completed. Time spent in selecting styles and making alterations is frequently said to be forgotten.

Wages. In considering wage statistics in dressmaking, it must be remembered that a large proportion of the capable dressmakers are in business for themselves, and with few exceptions are reasonably well satisfied.

It will also be seen from Table 1, that dressmaking has a slightly larger proportion of women receiving \$25 a week and over, than any of the other five occupations represented. The comparison would, however, not be equally favourable should the table be extended to \$30 and over, and \$35 and over, as in these sections both dressmaking and power sewing machine operators would drop out.

Table 1.—Percentage of Female Workers in Six Occupations which Employ a Large Number of Women.

Weekly wage	\$8 and over	\$12 and over	\$15 and over	\$20 and over	\$25 and over
Dressmaking Millinery Office in manufacturing plants Office in department stores Power sewing machine operators* Sales clerks, department stores.	82.6	21.7	7.6	4.4	3.3
	84.3	43.3	20.6	4.9	2.4
	94.3	63.1	29.8	4.6	1.1
	91.	36.3	12.2	2.7	.5
	94.6	64.7	20.9	2.3	.4
	94.3	35.1	10.9	2.1	.5

When the amount of skill required is taken into consideration, wages of dressmakers as a class are low. This is illustrated by the first three sections of Table 1, and by the statements of employers who did not keep records of individual wages paid, but gave verbal information, for example the following figures:

Number of employees	Weekly Wage
1 messenger	\$2.00
Z "girls"	7.50
1 "girl"	8.00
5 "girls"	9.00

The same employer said that she did not consider a girl "worth \$8 or \$9" until she had served at the trade three years. Another dressmaker stated that she paid \$8 to four girls, who had had "four or five seasons' experience." Estimates of As the occupations of few workers were given on the wage sheets,

Wages by Occupations.

The occupations of few workers were given on the wage sheet the following statements are chiefly the result of estimates:

Apprentices usually receive from \$1 to \$5 a week Improvers usually receive from \$6 to \$15 a week Fitters and designers from \$18 up.

Wages of Visiting Dressmakers.

The terms of dressmakers who go out by the day range from \$1.25 to \$2.50. The number of meals given varies from three to one. The popularity. Some women are able to fill in all their time, engagements being made six months in advance.

<sup>\*</sup>Of the 1,825 workers represented in this group, 1,674 are operators in garment

Table 2.—Wages of 135 Female Workers in Dressmaking and Tailoring Establishments.

Weekly wage	Number	Cumulative per cent.
Under \$5. \$ 5 -\$ 6. 6 - 7. 7 - 8. 8 - 9. 9 - 10. 10 - 12. 12 - 15. 15 - 20. 20 - 25. 25 - 30.	8 2 8 5 17 19 30 34 5 4	5.9 7.4 13.3 17. 29.6 43.7 65.9 91.1 94.8 97.8

The wages of the majority of women employed as tailoresses are somewhat higher than those employed in dressmaking, but for women with unusual ability there are rather more chances of high paid positions in dressmaking.

The proportion of male workers found on the wage sheets was comparatively small, but with the exception of three workers, boys or piece workers in their slack season, the wages ranged from \$20 to \$35 a week.

#### ALTERATION.

Alteration of ready-made clothing in department stores affords an increasingly large field for workers. In large stores tailoresses are required for fitting suits, dressmakers for fitting dresses, and power-machine operators for both kinds of work. Work is usually more regular for those working on gowns than on suits. A good type of employee is required as the work must be done accurately and quickly.

Table 3.—Number and Cumulative per cent. of 83 Female Workers Found on Wage Sheets in the Alteration Departments of Five Stores.

Wage Group	Number	Cumulative per cent
Under \$5. \$ 6 -\$ 7. 7 - 8. 8 - 9. 9 - 10. 10 - 12. 12 - 15. 15 - 20. 20 - 25. 25 - 30.	1 2 4 4 5 23 31 8 4	1.2 3.6 8.4 13.2 19.3 47. 84.3 94. 98.8 100.

A comparison of Tables 2 and 3, shows that higher wages are paid to the majority of workers in alteration departments than in dressmaking and tailoring as found in Table 2, but the proportion receiving over \$25 a week is rather smaller. No doubt this is accounted for by the fact that alteration does not require much designing ability.

#### DRESSMAKING SCHOOLS.

Some 13 or 14 years ago, the first so-called dressmaking school was introduced in Ontario.

A professional dressmaker by means of advertising, a card in the window and other methods makes it known that she is prepared to receive ladies who desire expert assistance in making their own clothing. The object of a dressmaking school as defined by a successful manager is to "get cheap dressmaking for those who cannot afford to pay higher prices."

The schools, for the most part, are not designed to turn out dressmakers or even instruct in sewing, but few women will work under the direction of a capable dressmaker without learning a number of "easy ways of doing things."

The Method. The professional dressmaker keeps the cutting and fitting in her own hands, but the customer does the basting, stitching and pressing under the direction of the instructor. The dressmaker and customer usually decide the style together. In the case of good sewers, perhaps the most appreciated accommodation provided by the school is the opportunity of having the fitting done by an expert.

The number of customers who can be accommodated at the same time varies very much according to the executive ability of the dressmaker and the kind of work. Some women prefer only to have five or six in a class, others nine or ten. Very large classes are not considered satisfactory.

The Field. Dressmakers who are conducting flourishing schools are most enthusiastic in recommending this work as a "particularly good" opening for first-class dressmakers. One woman said, "It is the coming thing, there is no better field."

The fact that women have come to Toronto from neighbouring villages and even cities to take advantage of the schools seems to justify the contention that schools would find support in most cities and many towns throughout the Province.

The manager of a successful school usually has to refuse clients, and only closes during the summer in order to take a vacation. In this line as in all others some dressmakers have failed on account of assuming too much overhead expense at the outset.

Charges,
Hours and
Distribution.

The charge at a dressmaking school is from \$1.00 to \$1.50 a day,
which usually consists of six or six and a half hours. Most dressmakers are willing to take customers for half a day, sometimes at a
slightly higher rate. Some open a couple of evenings a week to accommodate
those who cannot attend during the day.

From the point of view of the dressmaker, the dressmaking school has the following advantages:

(1) "There is no question of running bills. People see the others paying and rarely ask for credit." (A notice on the wall sometimes gives the rates, and states that terms are cash).

(2) "If a customer wants to change the style after the work is begun, she makes the alterations herself, and there is no loss of time to the dress-maker."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Special courses of instruction intended for those entering the trade are occasionally given in designing and cutting.

(3) "The work is less irksome than that of finishing dresses."

From the point of view of the customer, when a school happens to be in the hands of a woman who takes a particular pride in utilizing old materials, the school may be a great boon to women, who cannot spend lavishly, and may perform a substantial national service, in preventing waste. One dressmaker remarked: "You get to know practically the whole wardrobe of some of your regular customers, and can sometimes suggest the use of such and such a lining or such and such buttons from clothing which is out of use. Sometimes we make a suit one year, alter it the next, and turn it into a dress the third year."

As the dressmaker in the school has not made the dress herself, she does not feel that her credit is quite so much at stake in the final production, and so is more willing to use old materials.

#### CONCLUSION.

Dressmaking is a line of work which contains a large proportion of Canadian and other British born women. Skill in this line can be used with advantage later in life either in the home or in business.

Though formerly counted among the seasonal trades, the scarcity of dress-makers, has rendered the demand for workers so great that the trade is in a large measure regularized.

Wages are low for the majority of workers, when the degree of skill required is taken into consideration, but the chances of obtaining a \$25 a week position are fairly good as compared with many other large women-employing occupations. This trade affords a particularly good opportunity for independent and fairly remunerative work, either as a private dressmaker or in charge of a school.

The work is undoubtedly hard but of a kind which is pleasurable when limited to reasonable hours in the case of people who have a natural liking for sewing, others should on no account learn dressmaking as a trade. For those who attain the higher positions there is a considerable amount of variety in the work and scope for the exercise of artistic ability.

#### CHAPTER II.

#### MILLINERY

Number and Demand. In 1911 over three per cent. of all women wage earners were classed under the head of milliners. Just as was true in dress-making, the proportion of women workers required in this occupation to the entire number of women in the Province has been greatly reduced since that year by the increase in the use of factory made hats. The remarkable extension in the use of the automobile, the popularity of camping during the summer, and the teaching of millinery in the schools are also said to have had a noticeable effect upon the trade.

The number of women required in this line of work is still large, however, and a serious scarcity of capable milliners is prophesied by some in the business. On account of the low wage paid to beginners in millinery in common with many other skilled trades, and on account of the frequent irregularity of the work, there are few learners, and experienced milliners not infrequently drift into other occupations during the slack seasons.

The Field. For women with outstanding gifts, millinery offers some of the best paid, most interesting and most responsible work open to women in the industrial field, but only women with a distinct gift for the work should enter the occupation.

This should be strongly emphasized in millinery because the occupation falls in a remarkable way into two classes of work, the making and the trimming of hats; the former has been aptly described as a trade, the latter as a craft. Both require skill and deftness, which in this occupation involves training, but the trimmer must have in addition innate ability. As one proprietor of a wholesale house remarked, "A girl can be taught to be a maker of hats, but must have taste to become a trimmer."

Training. This training may be received at a technical school, or may still be obtained by the apprenticeship system.

As in almost every other line of work apprentices are scarce. The usual estimate of the length of the apprenticeship period proper is two seasons or one year, whether training is given in a wholesale or retail establishment, but as one head of a department remarked, "There is no stated time, one girl can learn more in one year than another in three." Those who wish to learn millinery should, if possible, begin young, 16 years is considered a good age. It is not necessary to be a good sewer in the ordinary sense of the word in order to make a success of millinery, nor is a good school education essential for the work itself, but a poor education is a serious handicap to those who go into business for themselves. One owner of a business, who had little education was very emphatic, she said, "Girls should get as much education as they can."

The training in making wire frames, buckram shapes, velvet and straw hats should be begun during the apprenticeship.

The worker who is able to take full responsibility for the making and covering of frames, is known as a preparer, improver or maker.

The significance of these terms, however, varies considerably according to the place in which they are used. In the wholesale houses the word pre-

parer is used almost to the exclusion of the word improver. In stores, however, the term improver is more common. In one store improvers are distinguished as first, second and third improvers, while the term preparer is also found on the wage sheets. In this store the standing of the preparer is said to be about equal to that of the second improver. Except in the case of rare ability, a girl must expect to spend several years as a preparer or improver, and indeed, many workers never become trimmers as they have not enough gift for the work.

Trimmers and Designers. The interesting and difficult work of the trimmer, as described by one of their number is, "to make every hat different and still keep the style." Although a special gift is required for this work, those who are going to make a success as trimmers must first learn the trade, as correct measurements are necessary in order to get the proper lines. Very young girls are not considered suitable for trimmers on account of the need for accuracy.

In the wholesale houses a larger number of girls are found capable of becoming trimmers than can be employed by the houses themselves. Many of these girls are therefore sent by the wholesale houses for the season to good positions as trimmers in millinery shops, especially in the smaller towns. During the dull season in the retail trade these girls and others who have got their training elsewhere often return to the city, and work in the wholesale houses at a small salary, sometimes as low as \$1.00 a day for a month or so before the retail season opens. During this period, while copying hats for the wholesale houses, they study the fashions for the next season. When doing this work the girls frequently make notes of measurements for use in their future field. Sometimes they make hats for themselves for which the firm only charges them the cost of the material. Being allowed to work in the wholesale house is considered a privilege, and application must be made in advance. Girls who want to work in this way, if unknown to the firm, frequently get a recommendation from a regular customer.

The wholesale house in turn frequently recommends these women as trimmers for the following season. There is a good deal of moving about among trimmers, a representative of a wholesale house remarked, "there is often some advance and they like the change." In this way some wholesale millinery houses practically act as employment offices, but others will not allow trimmers to work for them during the slack season in the retail trade.

In many firms those who do the designing are spoken of as trimmers, but in some, there is a distinction between trimmers and designers, the latter being chiefly responsible for the pattern hats.

In the case of some of the large department stores the trimmers do not work in the wholesale houses, but those in charge of tables are taken at intervals during the season to New York and other large millinery centres in order to study the styles.

Buyers. In the small retail shop, the buying is frequently done by the proprietor, especially if she is herself a milliner, but in the small department store it is usually done by the head of the department who is a trimmer. In such stores women have entire responsibility for buying in the millinery department more often than in any other. Wholesale houses and the large department stores have buyers, who in normal times, usually make a couple of trips a year abroad. The buyer in a large department store has a staff of assistant buyers, who spend much of their time during the season in the large millinery centres.

Saleswomen. Usually the saleswomen are milliners or have some knowledge of millinery and in addition a gift for selling. "They should have

a good appearance, a good address, and lots of patience."

In the smaller retail shops for the most part the same employees attend to both the production and the distribution end of the business. For this reason the representative of one of the wholesale houses said, "Girls for the country are better trained in the country, as the wholesale does not give them selling training."

In addition to the management, other workers found on the wage Occupations. sheets in connection with some millinery establishments are: maintenance men, messengers, office workers, porters, a small number of male pressers, shippers, shoppers, stock keepers, and travellers. It may be of interest to women to know that the latter are seldom women as the work is not considered suitable. Travellers have to catch trains at all hours, and frequently unpack and repack large millinery trunks.

The proportions of workers in the various occupations could not be Proportion obtained with accuracy in either department stores or wholesale houses on account of the grouping of occupations in some firms and the lack of any differentiation in others, but in two wholesale houses trimmers employed as such by the firm, were found in the season in the proportion of one to fifteen and one to seventeen workers respectively. Saleswomen and showroom girls in the wholesale houses were in the proportion of one to every fourteen workers, and saleswomen in department stores in that of two to every five.

The great objection to millinery as an occupation is the irregularity Irregularity of Work. of the work, which is not only subject to great fluctuations in the number of workers required from season to season, but is also affected by the weather, and by the styles in vogue at the time. When the styles are exclusive a greater number of milliners is required than when this is not the case. Estimates of the probable length of periods of employment in millinery during a season varied for the most part from three months to five months.

Exceptionally gifted trimmers, especially if taking work at a distance, may be engaged by the year, others are sufficiently in demand to be able to refuse to accept an engagement for less than five months, but a four months' engagement in the case of trimmers is quite common. One employer explained, "We have to engage trimmers for four months, as no good milliner will come for less."

Some few firms see that it is to their advantage to keep practically all their millinery workers for the whole or the greater part of the year, and so prevent them from drifting away in the slack season. Department stores have the advantage over other retail shops, in being able to transfer a number of their milliners who have salesmanship ability to another part of the store during at least a part of the winter slack season. Sometimes workers are retained throughout the year, as it is not desired to close the shop or department in the slack season, or the additional employment thus afforded during the slack season is divided among employees. Sometimes, however, the heads of departments are not kept as long as some of the junior workers, as the firm desires to economize on salaries in this way. As previously stated, also, the head trimmers usually spend some weeks of their free time at the wholesale houses.

In the case of Table 4, the head of the department is one of the two workers employed by the store 10 months in the year.

Table 4.—Number of Months of Employment of the Millinery Staff in a Small Department Store.

Number of Months	· 11	10	9	8
Number of Workers	1	2	1	1

The seasons are quoted approximately as lasting: in the retail trade, from the beginning of March to the end of June, and from the beginning of September until the end of December: and in the wholesale, from the beginning of January until the end of April, and from the beginning of July until the end of October. The really busy periods, however, are much shorter. Trimmers who are returning to retail work usually, however, leave the wholesales towards the end of February and August. During the winter slack season in the wholesale houses, and some retail shops, work is obtained by many milliners in temporary selling positions during the Christmas rush, and many girls are not averse to the period of relaxation which is allowed them by the millinery business, especially during the summer months.

Hours. On account of the seasonal nature of the trade, there is a considerable tendency to overtime. The chief sufferers from long hours are the working proprietors of small businesses, who often work on until late in the night, especially until the business is thoroughly established.

Working hours of millinery employees as reported per week vary greatly,

ranging from 44½ in a wholesale house to 60 in one retail shop.

Little overtime is reported in the wholesale millinery houses and department stores.

#### WAGES.

When an exact comparison is made of the weekly wages paid in millinery with those in the majority of industries and occupations covered by the present investigation, the result is very favourable to millinery. Low wages are naturally paid to beginners on account of the training they receive, but when the proportion of workers receiving \$15 a week and over, \$20 a week and over, \$25 a week and over, and especially \$30 a week and over, is compared, millinery is found to stand well.

Table 5.—Number	and	Cumulative	Per	Cent.	of	Workers	in	Wholesale	and
		Retai	1 Mil	llinery					

337 1 3 337	771 1 (0714)	Male and	Cumulative per cent.						
Weekly Wage	Female (654)	Female* (691)	Female	Male and Female					
Under \$5 \$ 5 -\$ 6. 6 - 7. 7 - 8. 8 - 9. 9 - 10. 10 - 12. 12 - 15. 15 - 20. 20 - 25. 25 - 30. 30 - 35. 35 and over	16 17 36 34 60 53 154 149 103 16 8	16 17 36 34 62 54 155 151 110 20 15 11	2.4 5. 10.5 15.7 24.9 33. 56.6 79.3 95.1 97.5 98.8 99.7 100.	2.4 5. 10.5 15.7 23.9 31.7 54.1 76. 83.2 94.8 97. 98.5 100.					

\*This column includes a considerable number of workers who were unclassified as to sex and a few male workers in addition to the 654 females in the previous column.

It will be observed that though the group of workers receiving between \$10 and \$12 is slightly larger than any other group, the \$12-\$15 and \$15-\$20 groups are quite outstanding, and that one woman in 5 receives \$15 a week or more, and about one in 20, \$20 a week or more. If the majority of unclassified workers are women and girls, as is most probable, the proportion of highly paid women is still larger.

Wages by Occupations. Apprentices receive anywhere from \$1 to \$5 a week: preparers from \$4 to \$15, the largest group, receives \$10-\$12; improvers, from \$6-\$15, the two largest groups containing the same number of improvers receive \$10-\$12 and \$12-\$15; trimmers, from \$8 to over \$35, the largest group of workers receives between \$15-\$20, but some firms do not pay any of their trimmers less than \$20 a week.

Permanence and the Opportunity for Proprietorship. Strong points in favour of the choice of millinery as an occupation are: the possibility of using the knowledge until well on in life, and the opportunity for developing an independent business. It is no doubt true that a trimmer may temporarily lose some of her skill, if she is out of touch with the work for a considerable period, but

a woman with natural ability and training can usually take it up again without serious difficulty.

Many women with skill and business ability, but with little capital have succeeded in working up a successful business for themselves in millinery.

It is claimed that the frequent visits of representatives of the wholesale houses, who try to call at the retail millinery shops every week or so during the season, lessens the amount of outlay necessary at any one time, as stock can frequently be replenished. Some milliners say, however, that unless they have a fairly good assortment, customers will not come in, but very good judgment is needed in buying to avoid having a lot of hats at the end of the season, and though credit may be allowed by the wholesale for a certain number of months

to milliners who are known to the firm it is expected that bills will be paid when they come due. Indeed, some of those who had millinery establishments gave a most discouraging account of the business, but a rather larger number were satisfied.

On the whole, the writer cannot do better than sum the situation up in the words of a milliner of long experience and keen observation, who said, "In a large city the millinery business is risky, unless a woman has a large circle of friends. In a small place almost any person with business ability and a gift for the work should be able to make good."

#### CONCLUSION.

Millinery is an occupation which contains an unusually large proportion of Canadian girls. No doubt this is partly due to the natural aptitude of Canadian girls for the work, and partly to the fact that many of them are not completely dependent on their own resources while learning.

The life of the trimmer is exceptionally full of variety, and the work affords scope for the exercise of artistic ability. A good trimmer has learned an occupation for life.

If a trimmer desires to be independent, and has the requisite business and salesmanship ability, she may go into business for herself without the expenditure of a large amount of capital.

It would also appear that there will be a considerable demand for good trimmers in the future, since few apprentices are learning the trade and many fairly good milliners are being lost to it, as they not infrequently remain in work which they have been obliged to seek during the slack season.

Though the weekly wages compare well with those in most industrial occupations, only girls with a distinct gift should go into millinery. They alone are able to protect themselves by obtaining a guarantee of four or five months' work, when accepting an engagement for the season. Some women, however, who have attained quite good positions, are very unfavourable to the occupation.

On the other hand, the majority of those who have been successful, or fortunate in the firm with which they have obtained work, or who have a particular love for their work, heartily endorse the conclusion of a milliner of fifteen years' experience, who said, "If anyone has the gift, I consider millinery a satisfactory line of work to enter."

#### APPENDIX A-1918-1919

The first table contains wage statistics of employees in Bread, Men's Custom Clothing, Women's Custom Clothing, Dyeing and Cleaning, Foundry and Machine Shop Products, and Slaughtering and Meat Packing, in addition to the workers in the tables which follow. Wages obtained by hourly rates appear only in the bulletins dealing with individual industries.

,		ustrial and Workers	Agricu		Biscu: Confec	its and tionery	Boots and Shoes				
Weekly Wage	Number	Cumulative Per cent.	Number	Cumulative Per cent.	Number	Cumulative Per cent.	Number	Cumulative Per cent.			
	Male Fe- male 17,024 16,425		Male Fe- 2,526 male 79	Male Fe-	Male 894 Fe- male 1,168	Male Fe-	Male Fe- male 221	Male Fe-			
	48 224 76 579 262 1,014 287 1,145 350 1,684 384 1,811 729 4,465 1,865 3,768 4,655 1,413 4,750 225 2,081 66 909 17 633 14	.3 1.4 .7 4.9 .2.1 11.1 .3.9 18. .6. 28.3 .8.3 39.3 .12.5 66.5 .23.5 89.4 .50.8 98. .78.7 99.4 .90.9 99.8 .96.3 99.9 .100. 100.	3 4 1 14 1	.1	29 4 55 27 133 26 167 50 219 21 152 59 233 145 141 362 37 130 2 48 16	2.5 .4 7.2 3.5 18.6 6.4 32.9 12. 51.6 14.8 64.6 20.9 84.6 37.1 96.7 77.6 99.8 92.2 100. 97.5 99.3 100.	5 4 5 13 7 21 11 1 8 11 23 26 41 44 48 85 41 92 12 48	1.3 1.8 2.7 7.7 4.6 17.2 7.5 25.3 10.5 35.7 17.5 54.3 29.4 76. 52.3 94.6 77.1 100. 90.			

	В	oxes an Pa	nd Ba	gs,	Carpets					Clotl Men's		у	Department Stores			
Weekly Wage	Nun	nber		cent.	Number Cumulative Per cent.			Number		Cumulati Per cent				Cumulativ Per cent.		
	Male 110	Fe- male 212	Male	Fe- male	Male 384	Fe- male 281	Male	Fe- male	Male 424	Fe- male 705	Male	Fe- male	Male 5,423	Fe- male 7,966	Male	Fe- male
Under \$5 \$5-6 6-7 7-8 8-9 9-10 10-12 12-15 15-20 20-25 25-30 30-35 35 and over	2 2 6 5 5 19 49	13 11 24 30 59 25 35 12 3	.9 2.7 4.5 6.4 11.8 16.4 20.9 38.2 92.7 91.8 98.2	6.1 11.3 22.6 36.8 64.6 76.4 92.9 98.6 100.	6 2 6 2 7 15 28 43 147 90 28 6 4	5 9 9 17 16 50 78 53 40 4	1.6 2.1 3.6 4.2 6. 9.9 17.2 28.4 66.7 90.1 97.4 99.	1.8 5. 8.2 14.9 37.7 65.5 84.3 98.6 100.	6 5 4 7 6 22 118 229 16 3 8	4 13 25 28 41 51 167 320 53 4	1.4 2.6 3.5 5.2 6.6 11.8 39.6 93.6 97.4 98.1 100.	.6 2.4 6. 9.9 15.7 23. 46.7 92.1 99.4 100.	25 114 129 141 163 268 864 1,531 1,577 317 160 134	5 313 487 406 756 953 2,697 1,543 631 131 7 6	2.6 4.9 7.5 10.5 31.4 59.6 88.7 94.6 97.5	.1 4. 10.1 15.2 24.7 36.6 70.5 89.9 97.8 99.4 99.8 99.9 100.

	Dre	esses a	nd Wa	ists			- :	Furniture and Upholstery						
Weekly Wage	Number			lative cent.		Number		(	Cumulati Per cent		Nur	nber		lative cent.
	Male 142	Fe- male 1,281	Male	Fe- male	Male 1,020	Fe- male 401	Male & Female 1,934 1	Male	Fe- male	Male and Female	Male 655	Fe- male 129	Male	Fe- male
Under \$5 \$5—6 6—7 7—8 8—9 9—10 10—12 12—15 15—20 20—25 25—30 30—35 35 and over	7 8 10 50 43	15 7 15 23 26 52 207 631 265 22 11 5	2.1 3.5 4.2 9.1 14.8 21.8 57. 87.3 95.1 100.	1.2 1.2 2.9 4.7 6.7 10.8 26.9 76.2 96.9 98.6 99.5 99.8 100.	2 1 6 11 8 9 15 60 191 321 207 127 62	6 5 10 51 50 58 116 88 12 4 1	8 77 23 78 71 76 144 180 897 434 275 151 90	2 .3 .9 2.7 3.6 5.1 11. 29.7 61.2 81.5 93.9 100.	1.5 2.7 5.2 18. 30.4 44.9 73.8 95.8 98.7 99.7 100.	.4 .8 2. 6. 9.7 13.6 21. 30.3 50.9 73.3 87.5 95.3 100,	3 6 8 25 26 20 49 227 209 57 15	1 2 1 5 15 49 40 14 2	1.4 2.6 6.4 10.4 13.4 20.9 55.6 87.5 96.2 98.9 100.	.8 2.3 3.1 7. 18.6 56.6 87.6 98.4 100.

<sup>\*</sup> Wages were copied from the wage sheets or other records of the firms. These, however, do not include foremen, superintendents, or any of the high managerial staff. Salaries were obtained in many cases from the firms with a view to showing the opportunities for promotion within the industry.

within the industry.

† In the weekly wage, the class, i.e., \$5—\$6, etc., includes the first figure and is up to but does not include the second figure.

‡ As a large number of workers in this industry were not differentiated as to sex, the total of all workers is given in the third column.

# APPENDIX A—Continued

	Harr	ness ar	id Sad	dlery*	Hosie	ery and	Ünde	rwear	_	Lau	ndry		Lithographing and Engraving			
Weekly Wage	Nur	nber		cent.	Number		Number Cumulat Per cer				cer Cumula Per ce		Number		Cumulati Per cen	
			Fe- male	Male 573	Fe- male 1,249	Male	Fe- male	Male 73	Fe- male 200	Male	Fe- male	Male 417	Fe- male 159	Male	Fe- male	
Under \$5. \$5-6. 6-7. 7-8. 8-9. 9-10. 10-12. 12-15. 15-20. 20-25. 25-30. 30-35. 35 and over.	2 3 1 4 5 4 14 28 64 70 25 2	4 10 7 4 8 8 6 10 2 1	2.2 2.7 4.5 6.7 8.5 14.9 27.5 56.3 87.8 99.1 100.	6.7 23.3 35. 41.7 55. 68.3 78.3 95. 98.3 100.	8 7 17 14 16 18 79 107 178 94 22 10 3	53 48 109 160 158 149 263 236 66 6 1	1.4 2.6 5.6 8. 10.8 14. 27.7 46.4 77.5 93.9 97.7 99.5 100.	4.2 8.1 16.8 29.6 42.3 54.2 75.3 94.2 99.4 99.9	1 2 1 3 1 4 29 22 9	1 1 19 77 52 25 16 7 2	1.4 1.4 4.1 5.5 9.6 11. 16.4 56.2 86.3 98.6 98.6 100.	.5 1. 10.5 49. 75. 87.5 95.5 99.	17 6 9 9 9 12 17 34 76 58 54 53 63	6 18 12 13 23 12 28 23 7 3 95	4.1 5.5 7.7 9.8 12. 14.9 18.9 27.1 45.3 59.2 72.1 84.9	3.8 15.1 22.6 30.8 45.2 52.8 70.4 84.9 89.3 91.2 96.9 96.9 100.

	Office, in manufacturing plants			Printing and Bookbinding			Suits and Cloaks			Woollen Goods						
Weekly Wage				dative cent.	Number		Cumulative Per cent.		Number		Cumulative Per cent.		Number		Cumulative Per cent.	
	Male 703	Fe- male 453	Male	Fe- male	Male 573	Fe- male 369	Male	Fe- male	Male 540	Fe- male 530	Male	Fe- male	Male 424	Fe- male 388	Male	Fe- male
Under \$5 \$5-6 6-7 7-8 8-9 9-10 10-12 12-15 15-20 20-25 25-30 30-35 35 and over	3 5 12 17 32 22 37 83 183 176 68 38	3 11 12 27 24 90 151 114 16 4	1.1 2.8 5.3 9.8 12.9 18.2 30. 56. 81.1 90.7 96.1	3.1 5.7 11.7 17. 36.9 70.2 95.4 98.9 99.8 100.	12 6 14 13 11 6 36 27 96 202 90 28	35 28 30 34 56 35 106 30 11	2.1 3.1 5.6 7.8 9.8 10.8 17.1 21.8 38.6 73.8 89.5 94.4	9.5 17.1 25.2 34.4 49.6 59.1 87.8 95.9 98.9 99.7 100.	2  1 4 2 9 20 109 174 128 53 38	5 4 21 31 106 219 116 20 7	.4 .4 .6 1.3 1.7 3.3 7.2 27.2 59.4 83.1 92.9 100.		5 1 6 1 5 18 39 102 147 79 13 4	11 17 31 28 58 67 84 76 15	1.2 1.4 2.8 3.1 4.3 8.5 17.7 41.7 76.4 95. 98.1 99.1	2.8 7.2 15.2 22.4 37.4 54.6 76.3 95.9 99.7 100.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes some workers on suit cases.

## APPENDIX B\*-1917

Statistics in this and the following appendices are based on figures supplied by the Dominion Statistician.

#### REGULARITY OF EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.

Agricultural implements 94.8% 88.10 Automobiles 93.6 62.7 Axes and Tools: 91.2 88.7 Tools and implements 91.2 88.7 Tools and implements 94.4 70.6 Soilers and engines 84.4 48.3 Soots and shoes 88.3 85.7 Axes and bags, paper 96. 98. Axes and bags, paper 96. 98. Axes and bags, paper 97. Axes and bags, paper 98. 98. 88.7 Axes and bags, paper 98. 98. 88.7 Axes and bags, paper 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99	Industry.	Male -	Female
Automobiles Aves and Tools:  Cutlery and edge tools  Tools and implements  Soilers and engines  Soilers and shoes  Soixes and bags, paper  Soixes and sactory  Soixes	Agricultural implements	94.8%	88.1%
Aves and Tools:   Cutlery and edge tools	Automobiles		
Tools and implements	Axes and Tools:	39.0	O ind o I
Tools and implements	Cutlery and edge tools	91.2	88 7
301ers and engines       84, 4       48, 3         30xes and shoes       88, 3       85, 7         30xes, wooden       93, 2       60, 3         30xes, wooden       93, 2       65, 8         30xes, wooden       93, 2       65, 8         32xes, wooden       93, 2       65, 8         32xes, wooden       93, 2       88, 4         32xes, wooden       93, 2       86, 8         32xes, wooden       93, 2       60, 3         32xes, wooden       93, 2       60, 3         32xes, wooden       93, 2       66, 3         32xes, wooden       93, 2       86, 8         32xes, wooden       93, 2       88, 8         4arpets       88, 7       80, 2         30xes, wooden       93, 2       85, 8         30xes, wooden       93, 2       85, 8         32xes, wooden       95, 7       86, 8       95, 6         30xes, wooden       91, 7       94, 9         30xes, wooden       91, 4       85, 1         30xes, yourself       92, 8       86, 1         30xes, yourself       96, 3       82         31cetring, women's custom       92, 8       86, 1	Tools and implements		
360ts and shoes         88.3         85.7           360xes and bags, paper         96.         98.           38read, biscuits and confectionery         93.2         65.8           38read, biscuits and confectionery         93.2         88.4           28repts         88.7         80.2           38chewing gum         75.2         85.8           31chthing, men's custom         95.7         92.5           31chthing, men's factory         97.8         94.9           31chthing, women's factory         91.7         94.9           31chthing, women's factory         91.7         94.9           32ctrical apparatus and supplies         68.5         95.6           32ctrical apparatus and supplies         95.7         86.6           32ctrical apparatus and supplies         96.3         86.1           32ctrical apparatus and supplies         96.3         82.1     <	Boilers and engines		
Soxes and bags, paper.       96.       98.         Bases, wooden       93.2       60.3         Bread, biscuits and confectionery       93.2       88.4         Acarpets       88.7       80.2         Shewing gum       75.2       85.8         Bothing, men's custom       95.7       92.5         Bothing, women's factory       97.8       94.9         Bothing, women's factory       91.7       94.         Bottons       68.5       95.6         Syeing and cleaning       68.5       95.6         Electrical apparatus and supplies       78.4       89.4         Youndry and machine shop products       95.7       86.6         Surniture and upholstered goods       92.8       86.1         cloves and mittens       91.4       79.4         larness and saddlery       96.3       82.         larness and saddlery       96.3       82.         larness and furs       90.9       90.8         losiery and knit goods       87.1       92.         con and steel products       92.8       90.1         ewelry and repairs       98.2       91.8         ithographing and engraving       93.7       87.2         ulp a	Boots and shoes		
30xes, wooden       93.2       60.3         38rass castings       82.2       65.8         3read, biscuits and confectionery       93.2       88.4         2arpets       88.7       80.2         Chewing gum       75.2       85.8         Blothing, men's custom       95.7       92.5         Blothing, women's factory       97.8       94.9         10thing, women's factory       91.7       94.8         10thing, women's factory       91.7       94.8         10thing, women's factory       92.8       86.1 <td>Boxes and bags, paper</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Boxes and bags, paper		
Brass castings         82.2         65.8           Bread, biscuits and confectionery         93.2         88.4           Chewing gum         75.2         85.8           Clothing, men's custom         95.7         92.5           Clothing, men's factory         97.8         94.9           Ilothing, women's custom.         79.4         85.1           Iothing, women's factory.         91.7         94.           Oyeing and cleaning         96.3         95.           Oyeing and cleaning         96.3         95.           Oyeing and cleaning         96.3         95.           Coundry and machine shop products         95.7         86.6           Coundry and machine shop products         95.7         86.6           Coundry and mittens         91.4         79.4           Harness and saddlery         96.3         82.           Istats, caps and furs         90.9         90.8           Iosiery and knit goods         87.1         92. </td <td>Boxes, wooden</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Boxes, wooden		
3read, biscuits and confectionery         93.2         88.4           2arpets         88.7         80.2           2bewing gum         75.2         85.8           Bothing, men's custom         95.7         92.5           Bothing, women's custom         97.8         94.9           10thing, women's factory         91.7         94.           10thing, women's factory         91.7         94.           10ttons         68.5         95.6           10yeing and cleaning         96.3         95.           10tectrical apparatus and supplies         78.4         89.4           10undry and machine shop products         95.7         86.6           10undry and machine shop products         95.7         86.6           10undry and mittens         91.4         79.4           10ure and mittens         91.4         79.4           10ure and mittens         91.4         79.4           10ure and steel products         90.9         90.8           10ure and steel products         92.8         90.1           10ure and steel products         92.8         90.1           10ure apper         93.7         87.2           10ure apper         93.7         87.2	Brass castings		
Sarpets	Bread, biscuits and confectionery		
Chewing gum       75.2       85.8         Stothing, men's custom       95.7       92.5         Clothing, women's factory       97.8       94.9         1 lothing, women's factory       91.7       94.         2 lothing, women's factory       91.4       85.1         2 lothing, women's factory       96.3       85.1         95.6       95.7       86.6       85.2         2 lumdral and upholistered goods       92.8       86.1       47.4         2 lar, caps and furs       90.9       90.8       82.1         2 substances and furs       90.9       90.8       87.1       92.         3 losiery and knit goods       87.1       92.       92.       89.1         4 covariant goods	arpets		
Stothing, men's custom   95.7   92.5     Stothing, men's factory   97.8   94.9     Stothing, women's custom   79.4     Stothing, women's factory   91.7   94.     Stothing, women's factory   91.7   94.     Stothing, women's factory   91.7   94.     Stothing and cleaning   96.3   95.6     Syeing and cleaning   96.3   95.6     Stoundry and machine shop products   95.7   86.6     Stoundry and machine shop products   95.7   86.6     Stoundry and mittens   91.4   79.4     Starness and saddlery   96.3   82.     Starness and saddlery   96.3   82.     Stars, caps and furs   90.9   90.8     Stosiery and knit goods   90.9     Stosiery and knit goods   90.9     Stosiery and repairs   92.8   90.1     Stewelry and repairs   98.2   91.8     Stithographing and engraving   93.7     Stapper   93.7   95.1     Stupper   95.1     Stupper   95.1     Stupper   95.1   95.1     Stupper	Shewing gum		
Station   Stat	Slothing, men's custom		
lothing, women's custom.       79.4       85.1         lothing, women's factory.       91.7       94.         Oyeing and cleaning.       68.5       95.6         Olectrical apparatus and supplies.       78.4       89.4         Oundry and machine shop products.       95.7       86.6         Curniture and upholstered goods.       92.8       86.1         Hoves and mittens.       91.4       79.4         Harness and saddlery.       96.3       82.         Iarness and saddlery.       96.3       82.         Iarness and success and furs.       90.9       90.8         Iosiery and knit goods.       87.1       92.         son and steel products.       92.8       90.1         ewelry and repairs.       98.2       91.8         ithographing and engraving.       93.7       87.2         aper.       95.1       95.1         lumbing and tinsmithing.       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper.       95.1       95.         rinting and bookbinding.       97.2       93.4         laughtering.       82.3       80.8         laughtering.       93.8       82.1         oap.       93.8       82.1         t	lothing, men's factory		0
Stottons	lothing, women's custom		
Ottons         68.5         95.6           Oyeing and cleaning         96.3         95.           Electrical apparatus and supplies         78.4         89.4           Youndry and machine shop products         95.7         86.6           Furniture and upholstered goods         92.8         86.1           Eloves and mittens         91.4         79.4           Larness and saddlery         96.3         82.           Lats, caps and furs         90.9         90.8           Losiery and knit goods         87.1         92.           You and steel products         92.8         90.1           ewelry and repairs         98.2         91.8           ithographing and engraving         93.7         87.2           aper         95.1         95.1           lumbing and tinsmithing         88.8         91.1           ulp and paper         88.2         89.           rinting and bookbinding         97.4         94.6           rinting and publishing         97.2         93.4           laughtering         93.8         82.1           bap         93.8         82.1           cap         93.9         66.1           cipar         93.9	lothing, women's factory		
Dyeing and cleaning   96.3   95.	ottons	0	
Retrictal apparatus and supplies   78.4   89.4   80.4   80.4   80.4   80.4   80.5	Veing and cleaning	0000	00.0
Outdry and machine shop products       95.7       86.6         Surniture and upholstered goods       92.8       86.1         Hoves and mittens       91.4       79.4         Larness and saddlery       96.3       82.         Iats, caps and furs       90.9       90.8         Iosiery and knit goods       87.1       92.         con and steel products       92.8       90.1         ewelry and repairs       98.2       91.8         ithographing and engraving       93.7       87.2         aper       95.1       95.1         lumbing and tinsmithing       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         laughtering       82.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         oap       91.8       88.         tationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         obacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         fire       68.6       62.8         foollen goods       92	Mectrical annaratus and cumpling	0000	
furniture and upholstered goods       92.8       86.1         cloves and mittens       91.4       79.4         larness and saddlery       96.3       82.         lats, caps and furs       90.9       90.8         losiery and knit goods       87.1       92.         ron and steel products       92.8       90.1         ewelry and repairs       98.2       91.8         ithographing and engraving       93.7       87.2         aper       95.1       95.1         lumbing and tinsmithing       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         laughtering       82.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         oap       91.8       88.         tationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         obacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         fire       92.9       88.8         Foollen goods       95.7       88.8	foundry and machine shop products		
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	urniture and unholstored goods		
tarness and saddlery       96.3       82.         tats, caps and furs       90.9       90.8         tosiery and knit goods       87.1       92.         ron and steel products       92.8       90.1         ewelry and repairs       98.2       91.8         ithographing and engraving       93.7       87.2         aper       95.1       95.         lumbing and tinsmithing       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         laughtering       92.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         oap       91.8       88.         tationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         obacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         Yollen goods       92.9       88.8	loves and mittans		
lats, caps and furs       90.9       90.8         Iosiery and knit goods       87.1       92.         ron and steel products       92.8       90.1         ewelry and repairs       98.2       91.8         ithographing and engraving       93.7       87.2         aper       95.1       95.1         lumbing and tinsmithing       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         laughtering       82.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         oap       91.8       88.         tationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         obacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         fire       68.6       62.8         Voollen goods       92.9       88.8	arness and goddlary		
tostery and knit goods       87.1       92.         ron and steel products       92.8       90.1         ewelry and repairs       98.2       91.8         ithographing and engraving       93.7       87.2         aper       95.1       95.         lumbing and tinsmithing       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         laughtering —       82.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         oap       93.8       82.1         tationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         obacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         Vire       92.9       88.8         Voollen goods       95.7       88.8	lats cans and furg		
You and steel products       92.8       90.1         ewelry and repairs       98.2       91.8         ithographing and engraving       93.7       87.2         aper       95.1       95.1         lumbing and tinsmithing       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         laughtering —       82.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         pap       91.8       88.         tationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         obacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         fire       68.6       62.8         coollen goods       92.9       88.8	logiery and knit goods		
eweiry and repairs 98.2 91.8 ithographing and engraving 98.2 93.7 87.2 aper 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 lumbing and tinsmithing 88.8 91.1 ulp and paper 88.2 89. rinting and bookbinding 97.4 94.6 rinting and publishing 97.2 93.4 laughtering 82.3 80.8 laughtering and meat packing 93.8 82.1 pap 18.8 88.1 laughtering and meat packing 93.8 82.1 pap 18.8 88.1 laughtering and meat packing 93.8 82.1 pap 18.8 88.1 laughtering and meat packing 93.8 82.1 pap 18.8 88.1 laughtering and meat packing 93.9 67.7 laughtering sand cigarettes 93.9 67.7 laughtering sand cigarettes 93.9 67.7 laughtering sand cigarettes 93.9 88.8 laughtering sand cigarettes 93.9 83.9 laughtering sand cigarettes 93.9 laughtering sand sand cigarettes 93.9 laughtering sand sand cigarettes 93.9 laughtering sand cigarettes 93.8 lau	on and steel products		
1011   1011	ewelry and renains		
aper       95.1       95.1         lumbing and tinsmithing       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         laughtering       82.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         pap       91.8       88.         tationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         cleel decorates       68.6       62.8         fire       68.6       62.8         foollen goods       92.9       88.8	ithographing and engreeview		
numbring and trinsmithing       88.8       91.1         ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         laughtering       82.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         pap       91.8       88.         tationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         obacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         fire       92.9       88.8         oollen goods       92.9       88.8	and engraving		
ulp and paper       88.2       89.         rinting and bookbinding       97.4       94.6         rinting and publishing       97.2       93.4         aughtering       82.3       80.8         aughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         bap       91.8       88.         cationery goods       96.1       95.6         ceel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         obacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         ire       68.6       62.8         oollen goods       92.9       88.8	lumbing and tingmithing		
Finding and bookbinding     97.4     94.6       rinting and publishing     97.2     93.4       aughtering     82.3     80.8       laughtering and meat packing     93.8     82.1       pap     91.8     88.       actionery goods     96.1     95.6       seel furnaces and rolling mills     93.9     67.7       obacco, cigars and cigarettes     68.6     62.8       ire     68.6     62.8       foollen goods     92.9     88.8	ulp and paper	88.8	
tritting and publishing     97.2     93.4       laughtering     82.3     80.8       laughtering and meat packing     93.8     82.1       tap     91.8     88.       lationery goods     96.1     95.6       teel furnaces and rolling mills     93.9     67.7       obacco, cigars and cigarettes     68.6     62.8       ire     68.6     62.8       foollen goods     92.9     88.8	rinting and hadrhinging		89.
adaghtering       82.3       80.8         laughtering and meat packing       93.8       82.1         pap       91.8       88.         cationery goods       96.1       95.6         teel furnaces and rolling mills       93.9       67.7         datacco, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         ire       68.6       62.8         oollen goods       92.9       88.8	rinting and pookpinding	97.4	94.6
State   Stat	loughtoning and publishing	97.2	93.4
188   188   189	aughtering	82.3	80.8
188   188   189	laughtering and meat packing	93.8	82.1
1	Jap	91.8	. 88.
teel furnaces and rolling mills 93.9 67.7 obacco, cigars and cigarettes 68.6 62.8 for collen goods 92.9 88.8	tationery goods	96.1	95.6
Oblaces, cigars and cigarettes       68.6       62.8         Fire       92.9       88.8         Foollen goods       92.9       88.8	teel Turnaces and rolling mills	93.9	
Voollen goods	obacco, cigars and cigarettes	68.6	
oollen goods	116	92.9	
89.8 85.7	oollen goods		
	oonen yarn		

<sup>\*</sup> This represents the yearly average based upon the highest monthly employment.

# APPENDIX C-1917

## AVERAGE YEARLY SALARIES AND WAGES.

Industry.	Officers, Superintend- ents and Managers	Clerks, Stenographers and other Salaried Officers	Wage Earners
Agricultural implements Automobiles Axes and Tools:	\$	\$	\$
	3,256	885	871
	4,055	1,233	970
Cutlery and edge tools Tools and implements Boilers and engines Boots and shoes	1,348	920	874
	3,311	872	671
	3,679	1,064	1,127
	2,503	944	615
Boxes and bags, paper. Boxes, wooden Brass castings Bread, biscuits and confectionery Carpets	2,421	1,274	495
	1,636	806	578
	2,530	933	410
	1,718	780	778
	2,676	1,033	631
Chewing gum Clothing, men's custom Clothing, men's factory Clothing, women's custom Clothing, women's factory	2,396	1,039	548
	1,494	829	576
	2,905	965	670
	917	736	476
	4,920	1,640	626
Cottons  Dyeing and cleaning  Electrical apparatus and supplies  Foundry and machine shop products	3,932 1,549 3,047 2,263	913 632 1,054 906	505 624 758 905 610
Furniture and upholstered goods Gloves and mittens Harness and saddlery Hats, caps and furs Hosiery and knit goods	1,911 1,582 1,602 1,897 2,244	775 583 896 662 743	505 657 666 504
Iron and steel products  Jewelry and repairs  Lithographing and engraving  Paper	3,029 1,695 2,523 2,743	1,096 653 966 1,005	906 682 766 727 745
Plumbing and tinsmithing Printing and bookbinding Printing and publishing Pulp and paper Slaughtering and meat packing	1,463 2,277 1,943 3,812 3,459	727 953 851 1,053 922	707 772 901 876
Slaughtering, not including meat packing Soap	3,470	890	937
	2,209	1,366	590
	2,592	852	575
	2,775	1,187	1,370
Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes, Wire Woollen goods Woollen yarn	1,648	1,236	602
	1,737	1,076	714
	2,277	1,016	757
	2,319	713	653

# APPENDIX D-1917

PROPORTION OF OFFICERS, SUPERINTENDENTS AND MANAGERS TO OTHER EMPLOYEES IN 1917.

Industry.	Officers, Superinten- dents and Managers	Clerks, Sten ographers and other Salaried Officers	Wage Earners
Agricultural implements Automobiles Axes and Tools: Cutlery and edge tools Tools and implements Boilers and engines Boots and shoes Boxes and bags, paper. Boxes, wooden Brass castings Bread, biscuits and confectionery Carpets Chewing gum Clothing, men's custom Clothing, men's factory Clothing, women's custom Clothing, women's factory Cottons Dyeing and cleaning Electrical apparatus and supplies Foundry and machine shop products Furniture and upholstered goods Gloves and mittens Harness and saddlery Hats, caps and furs Hosiery and knit goods Iron and steel products Jewelry and repairs Lithographing and engraving Paper Plumbing and tinsmithing Printing and bookbinding Printing and paper Slaughtering and meat packing Slaughtering, not including meat packing Soap	dents and	and other	
Stationery goods Steel furnaces and rolling mills Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes Wire Woollen goods Woollen yarn	$egin{array}{c} 4.7 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.5 \\ 3.4 \\ 2.2 \\ 1.6 \\ \end{array}$	14.5 2.8 3.4 11.8 2.6 3.1	80.8 $96.$ $94.1$ $84.8$ $95.2$

# APPENDIX E-1917

# CAPITAL INVESTED AND NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES.

Industry.	Average capital	Average number of employees on salaries and wages
Agricultural implements Automobiles Axes and Tools:	1,174,298 2,562,987	171 538
Axes and Tools: Cutlery and edge tools Tools and implements Boilers and engines Boots-and shoes Boxes and bags, paper Boxes, wooden Brass castings Bread, biscuits and confectionery Carpets Chewing gum Clothing, men's custom Clothing, men's factory Clothing, women's factory Cottons Dyeing and cleaning Electrical apparatus and supplies Foundry and machine shop products Furniture and upholstered goods Gloves and mittens Harness and saddley Hats, caps and furs Hosiery Iron and steel products Jewelry and repairs Lithographing and engraving Paper	48,958 191,438 618,310 115,747 107,215 60,318 147,458 19,644 506,960 478,837 5,461 137,482 3,094 152,345 927,901 18,975 507,869 134,504 115,765 45,943 11,920 49,339 282,962 527,938 9,513 106,049 255,347	23 42 212 52 51 17 126 10 110 66 4 56 3 105 305 21 147 45 41 29 3 24 116 156 4 36 555
Plumbing and tinsmithing Printing and bookbinding Printing and publishing Pulp and paper Slaughtering and meat packing Slaughtering, not including meat packing Soap Stationery goods Steel furnaces and rolling mills Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes Wire Woollen goods Woollen yarn	12,816 39,802 34,606 4,229,129 1,495,546 2,398,844 419,075 104,092 3,127,303 37,269 222,305 209,604 462,829	6 18 13 430 190 169 55 41 525 33 56 70 82

# APPENDIX F

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES EMPLOYING OVER 1,000 WORKERS IN 1915.

Industry.   Totals		1		
2 Foundry and machine shops products 3 Clothing, women's factory 4 Iron and steel products 5 Fread, biscuits and confectionery 7, 607 7, 197 4 Iron and steel products 7, 607 7, 197 4 170 6 Smelting 6, 603 6, 551 52 7 Hosiery and knit goods 8 Agricultural implements 5, 891 7, 731 1, 609 9 Furniture and upholstered goods 9 Furniture and upholstered goods 10 Electrical apparatus and supplies 11 Printing and publishing 12 Paper 13 Printing and publishing 14, 277 13 Hosiery and bookbinding 14, 277 13 Hosiery and bookbinding 14, 277 13 Hosiery and shoes 14, 277 15, 288 16 Boots and shoes 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Clothing, men's factory 13 Boilers and engines 10 September 1, 388 10 September 1, 388 11 Lumber products 12 Clothing, men's factory 13 Boilers and engines 14 Clothing, men's factory 15 Boots and shoes 15 Clothing, men's factory 16 Lumber products 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Clothing, men's factory 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Clothing, men's factory 10 Clothing, men's factory 10 Clothing, men's factory 10 Clothing, men's factory 10 Clothing, men's factory 11 Clothing, men's factory 12 Clothing, men's custom 11 Clothing, men's custom 11 Cloth	Industry.	Totals	Male	Female
2 Foundry and machine shops products 3 Clothing, women's factory 4 Iron and steel products 5 Fread, biscuits and confectionery 7, 607 7, 197 4 Iron and steel products 7, 607 7, 197 4 170 6 Smelting 6, 603 6, 551 52 7 Hosiery and knit goods 8 Agricultural implements 5, 891 7, 731 1, 609 9 Furniture and upholstered goods 9 Furniture and upholstered goods 10 Electrical apparatus and supplies 11 Printing and publishing 12 Paper 13 Printing and publishing 14, 277 13 Hosiery and bookbinding 14, 277 13 Hosiery and bookbinding 14, 277 13 Hosiery and shoes 14, 277 15, 288 16 Boots and shoes 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Clothing, men's factory 13 Boilers and engines 10 September 1, 388 10 September 1, 388 11 Lumber products 12 Clothing, men's factory 13 Boilers and engines 14 Clothing, men's factory 15 Boots and shoes 15 Clothing, men's factory 16 Lumber products 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Clothing, men's factory 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Clothing, men's factory 10 Clothing, men's factory 10 Clothing, men's factory 10 Clothing, men's factory 10 Clothing, men's factory 11 Clothing, men's factory 12 Clothing, men's custom 11 Clothing, men's custom 11 Cloth	1 Log products	19 505	10 701	
3 Clothing, women's factory				
4 Iron and steel products 7, 607 7, 197 410 5 Bread, biscuits and confectionery 7, 666 4, 722 2, 342 6 Smelting 6, 603 6, 551 52 7 Hosiery and knit goods 6, 603 6, 551 52 8 Agricultural implements 5, 881 5, 731 160 9 Furniture and upholstered goods 5, 881 5, 731 160 10 Electrical apparatus and supplies 5, 157 4, 619 538 11 Printing and publishing 5, 086 4, 016 1, 070 12 Paper 4, 277 3, 968 309 13 Printing and bookbinding 4, 4, 638 2, 842 1, 196 13 Printing and bookbinding 4, 4, 638 2, 842 1, 196 14 Rubber and elastic goods 3, 963 2, 975 988 15 Car repairs 3, 828 3, 824 4, 88 15 Car repairs 3, 828 3, 824 1, 196 16 Boots and shoes 3, 780 2, 555 1, 225 17 Automobiles 3, 780 2, 556 202 18 Flour and grist mill products 3, 778 3, 576 202 20 Electric light and power 3, 360 3, 196 164 21 Lumber products 3, 360 3, 196 164 21 Lumber products 3, 377 3, 188 89 22 Clothing, men's factory 3, 242 1, 857 1, 385 24 Woollen goods 2, 855 65 24 Woollen goods 2, 855 65 25 Cottons 2, 2663 1, 532 1, 131 26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 2, 544 2, 452 92 27 Housebuilding 2, 479 2, 460 19 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 2, 2479 2, 460 19 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 2, 2479 2, 460 19 29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 2, 182 1, 401 31 Cars and car works 1, 989 1, 961 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 2, 2479 2, 460 19 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 2, 256 2, 996 160 29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 2, 182 1, 401 31 Cars and car works 1, 989 1, 961 32 Carriages and wagons 1, 989 1, 961 34 Butter and cheese 1, 865 1, 711 35 Clothing, men's custom 1, 365 1, 330 35 37 Dyeing and cleaning 1, 595 600 38 Cement products 1, 365 1, 330 35 37 Dyeing and cleaning 1, 346 44 40 Musical instruments 1, 365 1, 330 35 37 Dyeing and cleaning 1, 346 44 40 Musical instruments 1, 365 1, 330 35 41 Hats, caps and furs 1, 341 302 1, 369 42 Fruit and vegetable canning 1, 346 44 43 Hutter and cheese 1, 256 1, 250 1, 346 44 Lithographing and engraving 1, 322 1, 277 48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories 1, 144 1, 152 69 49 Liquors, analt 1, 159 1, 159 49 Electric ligh	3 Clothing women's feetows			
5 Bread, biscuits and confectionery         7,064         4,722         2,342           7 Hosiery and knit goods         6,603         6,551         52           8 Agricultural implements         6,416         2,329         4,087           9 Furniture and upholstered goods         5,534         5,280         254           10 Electrical apparatus and supplies         5,157         4,619         538           11 Printing and publishing         5,086         4,016         1,070           12 Paper         4,277         3,968         309           13 Hrinting and bookbinding         4,038         2,975         988           14 Rubber and elastic goods         3,963         2,975         988           15 Car repairs         3,963         2,975         988           16 Boots and shoes         3,788         3,824         4           17 Automobiles         3,778         3,576         202           18 Flour and grist mill products         3,673         3,227         436           20 Electric light and power         3,360         3,196         164           21 Lumber products         3,277         3,188         89           22 Houseing, men's factory         3,242         1,557         3,856 </td <td>4 Iron and steel products</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	4 Iron and steel products			
6 Smelting 7 Hosiery and knit goods 8 Agricultural implements 9 Agricultural implements 9 Furniture and upholstered goods 15,534 10 Electrical apparatus and supplies 15,534 11 Printing and publishing 12 Paper 14,277 15,086 13 Printing and bookbinding 14 Rubber and elastic goods 13 Printing and bookbinding 14 Rubber and elastic goods 13 Printing and bookbinding 15 Car repairs 16 Boots and shoes 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 10 Slaughtering and engines 10 Clothing, men's factory 10 June products 10 June products 11 Lumber products 12 June products 13 June products 14 Woolben goods 15 Cottons 16 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 17 Housebuilding 18 Plumbing and tinsmithing 19 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 19 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 10 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 10 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 11 Cars and car works 12 Clothing, men's custom 13 Formishing goods, men's 14 Butter and cheese 18 Formishing goods, men's 19 Silaughtering and tinsmithing 10 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 10 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 11 Cars and car works 11 Cars and car works 11 Cars and car works 12 Cothing, men's custom 13 Furnishing goods, men's 14 Butter and cheese 18 Silaughter and heating 15 Cothing, men's custom 16 Householding 17 June	5 Bread hiscuits and confectionary	7,607		
7 Hostery and knit goods       6,416       2,329       4,087         8 Agricultural implements       5,891       5,731       160         9 Furniture and upholstered goods       5,534       5,280       254         11 Printing and pubfishing       5,086       4,016       1,070         12 Paper       4,277       3,968       309         14 Rubber and elastic goods       4,038       2,842       1,196         15 Car repairs       3,963       2,975       988         16 Boots and shoes       3,789       2,565       1,225         17 Automobiles       3,778       3,576       202         18 Flour and grist mill products       3,673       3,237       436         19 Slaughtering and meat packing       3,470       3,202       268         21 Lumber products       3,277       3,188       89         22 Clothing, men's factory       3,242       1,857       1,385         23 Boilers and engines       2,960       2,895       624         24 Woollen goods       2,663       1,532       1,131         25 Cottons       2,266       1,250       1,296         24 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         27 Housebu	6 Smelting			
8 Agricultural implements 9 Furniture and upholstered goods 10 Electrical apparatus and supplies 11 Printing and publishing 12 Paper 13 Printing and bookbinding 14 Lyrinting and bookbinding 15 Lyrinting and bookbinding 16 Boots and shoes 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 10 Electric light and power 10 Lumber products 10 Lumber products 11 Lumber products 12 Boots and shoes 13 Lumber products 14 Boots and shoes 15 Cottons 16 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 19 Slaughtering and from the products 10 Lumber products 11 Lumber products 12 Lumber products 12 Lumber products 13 Lumber products 14 Lumber products 14 Lumber products 15 Clothing, men's custom 16 Lumber products 16 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 17 Lumber products 18 Lumber products 19 Lumber products 19 Lumber products 10 Lumber pro	7 Hosiery and knit goods	- /		
9 Furniture and upholstered goods 10 Electrical apparatus and supplies 11 Printing and pubfishing 12 Paper 13 Printing and bookbinding 14 277 3, 968 309 14 Rubber and elastic goods 15 Car repairs 16 Boots and shoes 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Electric light and power 10 Electric light and power 10 Electric light and power 11 Lumber products 12 Clothing, men's factory 13 Boilers and engines 14 Eleather, tanned, curried and finished 15 Elettric light and electric light and electric light and finished 16 Eleather, tanned, curried and finished 17 Eleather, tanned, curried and mechanical 18 Eluanding 19 Eluanding 10 Electric light and finished 10 Electric light and power 10 Electric light and power 11 Eleather, tanned, curried and finished 12 Eleather, tanned, curried and mechanical 13 Cars and car works 14 Humbing and tinsmithing 15 Eleather, tanned, curried and mechanical 16 Eleather, tanned, curried and mechanical 17 Eleather, tanned, curried and mechanical 18 Electric light and mechanical 19 Eleather, tanned, curried and mechanical 20 Electric light and finished 21 Eleather, tanned, curried and finished 22 Eleather, tanned, curried and finished 23 Eleather, tanned, curried and finished 24 Housebuilding 25 Eleather, tanned, curried and finished 26 Eleather, tanned, curried and finished 27 Housebuilding 28 Electric light and tinsmithing 29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Electric light and tinsmithing 20 Electric light and tinsmithing 21 Electric light and tinsmithing 22 Electric light and tinsmithing 22 Electric light and tinsmithing 23 Electric light and tinsmithing 24 Electric light and tinsmithing 25 Electric light and tinsmithing 26 Electric light and tinsmithing 27 Electric light and tinsmithing 28 Electric light and tinsmithing 29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Electric light and light	8 Agricultural implements			
10	9 Furniture and unholstered goods			
11 Printing and publishing       5,086       4,016       1,070         12 Paper       3,968       309       309         13 Printing and bookbinding       4,277       3,968       309         14 Rubber and elastic goods       3,963       2,975       988         15 Car repairs       3,828       3,824       4         16 Boots and shoes       3,708       3,576       202         17 Automobiles       3,673       3,576       202         18 Flour and grist mill products       3,673       3,237       436         20 Electric light and power       3,360       3,196       164         21 Lumber products       3,277       3,188       89         22 Clothing, men's factory       3,247       3,188       89         23 Boilers and engines       2,960       2,895       65         24 Woollen goods       2,663       1,532       1,131         25 Cottons       2,546       1,250       1,296         24 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         28 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,479       2,460       19         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         30 Wood pulp, chemical an	10 Electrical apparatus and supplies			
12 Paper	11 Printing and publishing			
13 Printing and bookbinding       4,638       2,842       1,196         14 Rubber and elastic goods       3,963       2,975       988         15 Car repairs       3,828       3,824       4         16 Boots and shoes       3,790       2,565       1,225         17 Automobiles       3,778       3,576       202         18 Flour and grist mill products       3,673       3,237       436         20 Electric light and power       3,600       3,196       164         21 Lumber products       3,360       3,196       164         21 Lumber products       3,277       3,188       89         22 Clothing, men's factory       3,242       1,857       1,385         24 Woollen goods       2,960       2,895       65         24 Woollen goods       2,663       1,532       1,131         26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished       2,544       1,250       1,296         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         29 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,479       2,460       19         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,266       2,096       160         20 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15	12 Paner			
14 Rubber and elastic goods 15 Car repairs 16 Boots and shoes 17 Automobiles 18 Flour and grist mill products 18 Flour and grist mill products 19 Slaughtering and meat packing 20 Electric light and power 21 Lumber products 22 Clothing, men's factory 23 Boilers and engines 24 Woollen goods 25 Cottons 26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 27 Housebuilding 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 29 Plumbing and tinsmithing 20 Plumbing and tinsmithing 20 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 21 Cars and car works 22 Clothing, men's factory 23 Boilers and engines 24 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical 25 Cottons 26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 27 Housebuilding 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 29 Tobacco, cigars and engines 20 Tobacco, cigars and engines 20 Tobacco, cigars and engines 21 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 22 Carriages and wagons 23 Furnishing goods, men's 24 Garriages and wagons 25 Cottons 26 Leather, tanned, curried and mechanical 27 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 21 Lyfe 26 Leather, tanned, curried and mechanical 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 21 Lyfe 21 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 22 Lyfe 23 Tobacco, cigars and engines 24 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 25 Cottons 26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 27 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 27 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 21 Lyfe 21 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 22 Logariages and wagons 23 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 24 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 25 Cottons 26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished 27 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 28 Plumbing and tinsmithing 29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 20 Tobacco, cigars	13 Printing and bookhinding		1 1 1 1	
16 Car repairs       3,828       3,824       4         16 Boots and shoes       3,790       2,565       1,225         17 Automobiles       3,778       3,576       202         18 Flour and grist mill products       3,673       3,237       436         20 Electric light and power       3,360       3,196       164         21 Lumber products       3,277       3,188       89         22 Clothing, men's factory       3,242       1,857       1,385         23 Boilers and engines       2,960       2,895       65         24 Woollen goods       2,663       1,532       1,131         25 Cottons       2,663       1,532       1,131         26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished       2,546       1,250       1,296         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         28 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,479       2,460       19         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Curriages and wagons       1,973       1,894       79         34 Butter and cheese       1,266       413       1,513         36 B	14 Rubber and elastic goods			
16 Boots and shoes       3,790       2,565       1,225         7 Automobiles       3,778       3,576       202         18 Flour and grist mill products       3,673       3,237       436         19 Slaughtering and meat packing       3,470       3,202       268         20 Electric light and power       3,360       3,196       164         21 Lumber products       3,277       3,188       89         22 Clothing, men's factory       3,242       1,857       1,385         23 Boilers and engines       2,960       2,895       65         24 Woollen goods       2,663       1,532       1,131         25 Cottons       2,663       1,532       1,131         25 Cateather, tanned, curried and finished       2,544       1,250       1,296         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         29 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,544       2,452       92         29 Plumbing and eigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         30 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Carriages and wagons       1,989       1,961       28	15 Car renairs	- /		988
17 Automobiles       3,778       3,576       202         18 Flour and grist mill products       3,673       3,237       436         20 Electric light and power       3,360       3,196       164         21 Lumber products       3,277       3,188       89         22 Clothing, men's factory       3,242       1,857       1,385         23 Boilers and engines       2,960       2,895       65         24 Woollen goods       2,663       1,532       1,131         25 Cottons       2,663       1,532       1,131         26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished       2,546       1,250       1,296         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         28 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,256       2,096       160         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         31 Cars and car works       2,182       1,401       781         32 Carriages and wagons       1,989       1,961       28         32 Furnishing goods, men's       1,989       1,961       28         35 Clothing, men's custom       1,857       920       937         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,748       855       893	16 Roots and shoes	- ,		4
18 Flour and grist mill products   3,673   3,237   436     9 Slaughtering and meat packing   3,470   3,202   268     10 Electric light and power   3,360   3,196   164     11 Lumber products   3,277   3,188   89     12 Clothing, men's factory   3,242   1,857   1,385     13 Boilers and engines   2,960   2,895   65     14 Woollen goods   2,663   1,532   1,131     15 Cottons   2,663   1,532   1,131     15 Cottons   2,546   1,250   1,296     17 Housebuilding   2,479   2,460   19     19 Plumbing and tinsmithing   2,479   2,460   19     19 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes   2,182   1,401   781     10 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical   2,002   1,987   15     11 Cars and car works   1,989   1,961   28     12 Carriages and wagons   1,973   1,894   79     33 Furnishing goods, men's   1,926   413   1,513     43 Butter and cheese   1,865   1,711   154     54 Clothing, men's custom   1,857   920   937     36 Boxes and bags, paper   1,748   855   893     37 Dyeing and cleaning   1,595   600   995     38 Cement products   1,405   1,377   28     39 Oils   1,346   742   604     40 Musical instruments   1,365   1,330   35     41 Hats, caps and furs   1,341   302   1,039     42 Fruit and vegetable canning   1,346   742   604     43 Clothing, women's custom   1,341   302   1,039     44 Lithographing and engraving   1,322   1,078   244     45 Gas, lighting and heating   1,262   1,201   61     47 Stationery goods   1,400   714   526     48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories   1,194   1,125   69     49 Liquors, malt   1,145   1,266   19     50 Explosives   1,131   1,082   49     51 Ships and ships and specializer   1,109   1,094   15	17 Automobiles		, 1	1,225
19   Slaughtering and meat packing   3,470   3,202   268     20   Electric light and power   3,360   3,196   164     21   Lumber products   3,277   3,188   89     22   Clothing, men's factory   3,242   1,857   1,385     23   Boilers and engines   2,960   2,895   65     24   Woollen goods   2,663   1,532   1,131     25   Cottons   2,664   1,250   1,296     27   Housebuilding   2,544   2,452   92     28   Plumbing and tinsmithing   2,479   2,460   19     29   Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes   2,182   1,401   781     30   Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical   2,002   1,987   15     31   Cars and car works   1,989   1,961   28     32   Carriages and wagons   1,973   1,894   79     33   Furnishing goods, men's   1,926   413   1,513     34   Butter and cheese   1,865   1,711   154     35   Clothing, men's custom   1,857   920   937     36   Boxes and bags, paper   1,748   855   893     37   Dyeing and cleaning   1,595   600   995     38   Cement products   1,405   1,377   28     39   Oils   1,346   44     40   Musical instruments   1,351   831   520     41   Althographing and engraving   1,346   742   604     42   Clothing, women's custom   1,341   302   1,339     43   Lithographing and engraving   1,346   742   604     44   Clothing, women's custom   1,341   302   1,339     44   Lithographing and engraving   1,322   1,078   244     45   Gas, lighting and heating   1,262   1,201   61     47   Stationery goods   1,240   714   526     48   Automobiles, repairs and accessories   1,194   1,125   69     49   Liquors, malt   1,145   1,266   19     50   Explosives   1,131   1,082   49     51   Ships and ship cash and seadllows   1,109   1,094   15	18 Flour and griet mill products		3,576	202
20 Electric light and power       3,360       3,196       164         21 Lumber products       3,277       3,188       89         22 Clothing, men's factory       3,242       1,857       1,385         24 Woollen goods       2,960       2,895       65         25 Cottons       2,663       1,532       1,131         26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished       2,546       1,250       1,296         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         29 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,479       2,460       19         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         30 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         22 Carriages and wagons       1,989       1,961       28         23 Furnishing goods, men's       1,973       1,894       79         34 Butter and cheese       1,865       1,711       154         50 Clothing, men's custom       1,865       1,711       154         6 Boxes and bags, paper       1,748       855       893         7 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995	19 Slaughtering and most packing			436
21 Lumber products   3,277   3,188   89	20 Electric light and nown		3,202	268
22 Clothing, men's factory   3,242   1,857   1,885   24   24   24   24   25   25   25   2	91 Lumber products		3, 196	164
23 Boffers and engines       2,960       2,895       65         24 Woollen goods       2,663       1,532       1,131         25 Cottons       2,546       1,250       1,296         26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished       2,544       2,452       92         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         28 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,479       2,460       19         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         30 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Carriages and wagons       1,989       1,961       28         32 Furnishing goods, men's       1,973       1,894       79         34 Butter and cheese       1,865       1,711       154         35 Clothing, men's custom       1,857       920       937         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,857       920       937         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments	22 Clothing mon's footage		3,188	89
24 Wooffen goods       2,663       1,532       1,131         25 Cottons       2,546       1,250       1,296         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         28 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,256       2,096       160         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         30 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Carriages and wagons       1,973       1,894       79         34 Butter and cheese       1,926       413       1,513         35 Clothing, men's custom       1,865       1,711       154         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,748       855       893         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,390       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,346       742       604         44	23 Poilors and enginer	3,242	1,857	1,385
25 Cottons       2,546       1,250       1,296         26 Leather, tanned, curried and finished       2,544       2,452       92         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         28 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,256       2,096       160         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         30 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Carriages and wagons       1,973       1,894       79         33 Furnishing goods, men's       1,926       413       1,513         34 Butter and cheese       1,865       1,711       154         50 Clothing, men's custom       1,857       920       937         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,857       920       937         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,390       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 F	24 Wooller goods	2,960	2,895	65
2b Leather, tanned, curried and finished       2,544       2,452       92         27 Housebuilding       2,479       2,460       19         28 Plumbing and tinsmithing       2,256       2,996       160         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         30 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Carriages and wagons       1,973       1,894       79         33 Furnishing goods, men's       1,926       413       1,513         34 Butter and cheese       1,926       413       1,513         35 Clothing, men's custom       1,865       1,711       154         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,865       1,711       154         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,405       1,377       28         30 Oils       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,365       1,330       35         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604 <t< td=""><td>25 Cottons</td><td>2,663</td><td>1,532</td><td>1,131</td></t<>	25 Cottons	2,663	1,532	1,131
27   Housebuilding	26 Leather tenned commission of Carlot A	2,546		1,296
28 Fumbing and tinsmithing       2,256       2,096       160         29 Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       2,182       1,401       781         30 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Carriages and wagons       1,973       1,894       79         33 Furnishing goods, men's       1,926       413       1,513         34 Butter and cheese       1,865       1,711       154         35 Clothing, men's custom       1,865       1,711       154         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,748       855       893         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,405       1,377       28         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         42 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,322       1,078       244	27 Househuilding	2,544	2,452	92
Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes	28 Plumbing and tingmithing		2,460	19
30 Wood pulp, chemical and mechanical       2,002       1,987       15         31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Carriages and wagons       1,973       1,884       79         33 Furnishing goods, men's       1,926       413       1,513         34 Butter and cheese       1,865       1,711       154         35 Clothing, men's custom       1,857       920       937         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,748       855       893         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,365       1,330       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,365       1,330       35         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,341       302       1,039         45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, tile and pottery       1,242       1,229       13	29 Tobacco cigara and cigaratter	2,256	2,096	160
31 Cars and car works       1,989       1,961       28         32 Carriages and wagons       1,973       1,894       79         33 Furnishing goods, men's       1,926       413       1,513         34 Butter and cheese       1,865       1,711       154         35 Clothing, men's custom       1,857       920       937         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,748       855       893         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,365       1,330       35         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,346       742       604         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,341       302       1,039         44 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, tile and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         48 Automobiles, repairs and access	30 Wood pulp chemical and digarettes	2,182	1,401	781
32 Carriages and wagons       1,973       1,894       79         33 Furnishing goods, men's       1,926       413       1,513         34 Butter and cheese       1,865       1,711       154         35 Clothing, men's custom       1,857       920       937         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,748       855       893         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         42 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,341       302       1,039         45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, file and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         51 Ships and ship repairs       <	21 Care and any mechanical	2,002	1,987	15
34 Butter and cheese 1,865 1,711 154 35 Clothing, men's custom 1,857 920 937 36 Boxes and bags, paper 1,748 855 893 37 Dyeing and cleaning 1,595 600 995 38 Cement products 1,405 1,377 28 39 Oils 1,346 44 40 Musical instruments 1,390 1,346 44 40 Musical instruments 1,365 1,330 35 41 Hats, caps and furs 1,351 831 520 42 Fruit and vegetable canning 1,346 742 604 43 Clothing, women's custom 1,341 302 1,039 44 Lithographing and engraving 1,322 1,078 244 45 Gas, lighting and heating 1,262 1,201 61 46 Brick, file and pottery 1,242 1,229 13 47 Stationery goods 1,240 714 526 48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories 1,194 1,125 69 49 Liquors, malt 1,145 1,126 19 50 Explosives 1,131 1,082 49 51 Ships and ship repairs 1,109 1,094	32 Carriaged and was seen	1,989	1,961	28
34 Butter and cheese       1,865       1,711       154         36 Clothing, men's custom       1,857       920       937         36 Boxes and bags, paper       1,748       855       893         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,346       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,365       1,330       35         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,322       1,078       244         45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, tile and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         49 Liquors, malt       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,131       1,082       49         52 Harriss and scellows </td <td>32 Funnishing goods</td> <td>1,973</td> <td>1,894</td> <td>79</td>	32 Funnishing goods	1,973	1,894	79
1,857   920   937	34 Button and change	1,926	413	1,513
36 Boxes and Boags, paper       1,748       855       893         37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,322       1,078       244         45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, tile and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and sain repairs       1,109       1,094       15	25 Clothing man's sand	1,865	1,711	154
37 Dyeing and cleaning       1,595       600       995         38 Cement products       1,405       1,377       28         39 Oils       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,322       1,078       244         45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, file and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and sand ship repairs       1,131       1,082       49         52 Harriess and saddlows       1,109       1,094       15	36 Poyog and home	1,857	920	937
1,405   1,377   28   28   39 Oils   1,390   1,346   44   44   44   44   44   44   44	of Boxes and wags, paper	1,748	855	893
39 Olls       1,346       44         40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,322       1,078       244         45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, tile and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         50 Explosives       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,131       1,082       49         52 Harriess and seddlows       1,109       1,094       15	37 Dyeing and cleaning	1,595	600	995
40 Musical instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,322       1,078       244         45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, tile and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         50 Explosives       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,131       1,082       49         52 Harriess and saddlows       1,109       1,094       15	38 Cement products	1,405	1,377	28
40 Musical Instruments       1,365       1,330       35         41 Hats, caps and furs       1,351       831       520         42 Fruit and vegetable canning       1,346       742       604         43 Clothing, women's custom       1,341       302       1,039         44 Lithographing and engraving       1,322       1,078       244         45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, tile and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         50 Explosives       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,131       1,082       49         52 Harriess and saddlows       1,109       1,094       15	39 Ulls		1.346	44
Hats, caps and turs	40 Musical instruments	1,365		35
1,346   742   604   742   604   742   604   742   743   745   74	41 Hats, caps and furs	1,351		520
44 Lithographing and engraving 1,341 302 1,039 44 Lithographing and engraving 1,322 1,078 244 45 Gas, lighting and heating 1,262 1,201 61 46 Brick, tile and pottery 1,242 1,229 13 47 Stationery goods 1,240 714 526 48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories 1,194 1,125 69 49 Liquors, malt 1,145 1,126 19 50 Explosives 1,131 1,082 49 51 Ships and ship repairs 1,109 1,094 15	42 Fruit and vegetable canning	1.346	742	
44 Lithographing and engraving 1,322 1,078 244 45 Gas, lighting and heating 1,262 1,201 61 46 Brick, tile and pottery 1,242 1,229 13 47 Stationery goods 1,240 714 526 48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories 1,194 1,125 69 49 Liquors, malt 1,145 1,126 19 50 Explosives 1,131 1,082 49 51 Ships and ship repairs 1,109 1,094 15	43 Clothing, women's custom	1.341	302	
45 Gas, lighting and heating       1,262       1,201       61         46 Brick, tile and pottery       1,242       1,229       13         47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         50 Explosives       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,109       1,094       15         52 Harriess and seddlows       1,109       1,094       15	44 Lithographing and engraving			
## Brick, tile and pottery	45 Gas, lighting and heating			
47 Stationery goods       1,240       714       526         48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         50 Explosives       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,109       1,094       15         52 Harriess and seddlows       1,109       1,094       15	46 Brick, the and pottery	1,242		
48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories       1,194       1,125       69         49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         50 Explosives       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,109       1,094       15         52 Harriess and saddlows       1,109       1,094       15	41 Stationery goods			
49 Liquors, malt       1,145       1,126       19         50 Explosives       1,131       1,082       49         51 Ships and ship repairs       1,109       1,094       15         52 Harriess and saddlows       1,109       1,094       15	48 Automobiles, repairs and accessories			
51 Ships and ship repairs 1,131 1,082 49 52 Harpess and saddless 1,109 1,094 15	49 Liquors, malt			0.0
52 Harness and saddlery 1,109 1,094 15	50 Explosives			
DY Harness and coddlors	51 Ships and ship repairs			
7.5	32 Harness and saddlery			

# APPENDIX G-1917

PERCENTAGE OF CHILDREN UNDER 16 YEARS OF AGE EMPLOYED IN SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

Agricultural implements			•
Clothing, men's factory       2.2       packing       2.7         Clothing, women's custom       4.       Soap       8.1         Clothing, women's factory       1.4       Stationery goods       4.         Cottons       15.9       Steel furnace and rolling mills       1         Dyeing and cleaning       2.3       Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       7         Electrical apparatus and supplies       1.9       Wire       7.7         Foundry and machine shop products       .8       Woollen goods       9.4	Automobiles Axes and Tools: Cutlery and edge tools Tools and implements Boilers and engines Boots and shoes Boxes and bags, paper Boxes, wooden Brass castings Bread, biscuits and confectionery. Carpets Chewing gum	3.7 .5 .5 5.7 12.5 8.4 .9 6.7 3.9	Hats, caps and furs
Boxes, wooden 8.4 Brass castings 9 Bread, biscuits and confectionery 6.7 Carpets 3.9 Clowing gum 16. Clothing, men's custom 1.2 Clothing, men's factory 2.2 Clothing, women's factory 1.4 Cottons 15.9 Dyeing and cleaning 2.3 Electrical apparatus and supplies 1.9 Fulmbing and tinsmithing 2.3 Printing and bookbinding 3.2 Printing and publishing 12.2 Pulp and paper 1. Slaughtering and meat packing 5. Slaughtering, not including meat packing 2.7 Soap 8.1 Cottons 15.9 Stationery goods 4. Cottons 15.9 Stationery goods 4. Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes 7.7 Electrical apparatus and supplies 8.9 Wire 7.7 Woollen goods 9.4			
Brass castings			
Bread, biscuits and confectionery. 6.7 Carpets 3.9 Chewing gum 16. Clothing, men's custom 1.2 Clothing, women's factory 2.2 Clothing, women's factory 1.4 Cottons 15.9 Dyeing and cleaning 2.3 Electrical apparatus and supplies. Foundry and machine shop products 1.8  Printing and publishing 12.2 Pulp and paper 3.1 Slaughtering and meat packing 2.7 Slaughtering, not including meat packing 2.7 Soap 8.1 Stationery goods 4. Steel furnace and rolling mills 3.1 Wire 7.7 Wire 7.7 Woollen goods 9.4			
Carpets         3.9         Pulp and paper         1           Chewing gum         16.         Slaughtering and meat packing         .5           Clothing, men's custom         1.2         Slaughtering, not including meat packing.         2.7           Clothing, women's factory         2.2         Soap         8.1           Clothing, women's factory         1.4         Stationery goods         4.           Cottons         15.9         Steel furnace and rolling mills         .1           Dyeing and cleaning         2.3         Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes         .7           Foundry and machine shop products         .8         Woollen goods         9.4			Printing and publishing 12.2
Chewing gum	Carpets	3.9	
Clothing, men's factory       2.2       packing       2.7         Clothing, women's custom       4.       Soap       8.1         Clothing, women's factory       1.4       Stationery goods       4.         Cottons       15.9       Steel furnace and rolling mills       1         Dyeing and cleaning       2.3       Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes       7         Electrical apparatus and supplies       1.9       Wire       7.7         Foundry and machine shop products       .8       Woollen goods       9.4	Chewing gum	16.	Slaughtering and meat packing5
Clothing, women's custom			
Clothing, women's factory			packing 2.7
Cottons			
Dyeing and cleaning			
Electrical apparatus and supplies. 1.9 Wire			
Foundry and machine shop products .8 Woollen goods			
Furniture and upholstered goods. 3.5 Woollen yarns			
	Furniture and upholstered goods.	3.5	Woollen yarns











